



USA Field Hockey Minor Athlete Abuse Prevention Policies

Effective Date: January 1, 2022

Introduction

The U.S. Center for SafeSport (the Center) is committed to building a sport community where Participants can work and learn together in an atmosphere free of emotional, physical, and sexual misconduct. Throughout this document the most commonly used terms are defined in the Terminology section in the back of this document.

Authority

The Protecting Young Victims from Sexual Abuse and Safe Sport Authorization Act of 2017 authorizes the Center to develop training and policies to prevent abuse—including physical, emotional, and sexual abuse—within the U.S. Olympic & Paralympic Movement. 36 U.S.C. § 220542(a)(1). Federal law requires that, at a minimum, national governing bodies and Paralympic sports organizations *must offer and give consistent training related to the prevention of child abuse: (1) to all adult members who are in regular contact with amateur athletes who are minors and (2) subject to parental consent, to members who are minors.* 36 U.S.C. § 220542(a)(2)(E). Federal law requires that these policies contain reasonable procedures to limit unobservable and uninterrupted one-on-one interactions between an amateur athlete, who is a minor, and an adult, who is not the minor’s legal guardian, at facilities under the jurisdiction of organizations within the U.S. Olympic & Paralympic Movement. 36 U.S.C. § 220542(a)(2)(C).

What is the MAAPP?

To that end, the Center has developed the Minor Athlete Abuse Prevention Policies (MAAPP). The MAAPP is a collection of proactive prevention and training policies for the U.S. Olympic & Paralympic Movement. It has three primary components:

1. An Education & Training Policy that requires training for certain Adult Participants within the Olympic & Paralympic Movement;
2. Required Prevention Policies, focused on limiting one-on-one interactions between Adult Participants and Minor Athletes, that Organizations within the Olympic & Paralympic Movement must implement to prevent abuse;
3. Recommended Prevention Policies.

The Center developed the MAAPP to assist National Governing Bodies (NGBs), Paralympic Sport Organizations (PSOs), Local Affiliated Organizations (LAOs), the U.S. Olympic & Paralympic Committee (USOPC), and other individuals to whom these policies apply in meeting their obligations under federal law (*note*: implementing these policies does not guarantee that an organization or individual fully complies with federal law or all applicable legal obligations). These Organizations should share these policies with all Participants and with parents/guardians of minor athletes. Those implementing these policies should consider the physical and cognitive needs of all athletes.

The MAAPP focuses on just two important aspects of a much larger comprehensive abuse prevention strategy. These policies address training requirements and limiting one-on-one interactions between adults and minor athletes. These policies are intended to be enforceable and reasonable, acknowledging, for example, that when a 17-year-old athlete turns 18, they become an adult athlete, and a complete prohibition of one-on-one interactions may not be necessary or practical. Additionally, there may be other instances when one-on-one interactions could occur, and in those cases, these policies provide strategies so parents/guardians can provide informed consent if they choose to allow a permitted interaction. **The Center recommends that parents first complete training on abuse prevention to be informed about potential boundary violations and concerns before consenting to the interaction.**

While the MAAPP will help organizations implement these policies to greatly improve minor athlete safety, in no way can they guarantee athlete safety in all circumstances, especially when the policies are not fully

implemented, followed, or monitored. These policies are not comprehensive of all prevention strategies, nor are they intended to be. These policies should be implemented alongside the [SafeSport Code](#). Additionally, other resources are available that may assist organizations in improving athlete safety¹.

How Does the Center Ensure Compliance with the MAAPP?

Federal law requires the Center to conduct regular and random audits of the NGBs to ensure compliance with these policies. 36 U.S.C. § 220542(a)(2)(E). More specific organizational compliance requirements can be found in Part II. Additionally, it is the responsibility of the USOPC and each NGB, LAO, and Adult Participant to comply with the MAAPP. The aforementioned Organizations can act in their respective programs for violations of the MAAPP by Adult Participants. Adult Participants also have an independent responsibility to comply with these MAAPP provisions. Violations of these provisions can result in sanctions under the SafeSport Code.

Is the MAAPP Different from the SafeSport Code?

Yes. The [SafeSport Code](#) works alongside the MAAPP to prevent abuse. The MAAPP includes proactive prevention policies for organizations and individuals, while the SafeSport Code contains misconduct policies for individuals. However, violations of the MAAPP can violate the SafeSport Code, and violators can be sanctioned.

¹ Saul, J., & Audage, N.C. (2007). [Preventing Child Sexual Abuse Within Youth-Servicing Organization: Getting Started on Policies and Procedures](#). Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Canadian Centre for Child Protection. (2014). [Child Sexual Abuse: It Is Your Business](#). Winnipeg, Manitoba: Canadian Centre for Child Protection.

The Australian Royal Commission Into Institutional Responses to Child Sexual Abuse. (2017). [Final Report](#).

Scope

The MAAPP Applies to “In-Program Contact” Within the Olympic & Paralympic Movement

The MAAPP is required for the U.S. Olympic & Paralympic Committee (USOPC), National Governing Bodies (NGB), Local Affiliated Organizations (LAO), and Paralympic Sport Organizations (PSO) within the Olympic & Paralympic Movement (each an “Organization”).

Some policies impose requirements on USA Field Hockey at sanctioned events and facilities partially or fully under USA Field Hockey’s jurisdiction. For example, USA Field Hockey must monitor locker rooms at their facilities and sanctioned events. Other policies impose certain requirements on Adult Participants under the USA Field Hockey’s jurisdiction when the Adult Participant is having “In-Program Contact.” For example, Adult Participants cannot have one-on-one electronic communications with Minor Athletes that they coach.

Who is a Minor Athlete?

A **Minor Athlete** is an amateur athlete under 18 years of age who participates in, or participated within the previous 12 months in, an event, program, activity, or competition that is part of, or partially or fully under the jurisdiction of USA Field Hockey or LAO.

Partial or Full Jurisdiction: Includes any sanctioned event (including all travel and lodging in connection with the event) by USA Field Hockey or LAO, or any facility that USA Field Hockey or LAO owns, leases, or rents for practice, training, or competition.

Who is an Adult Participant?

An **Adult Participant** is any adult (18 years of age or older) who is:

1. A member or license holder of an USA Field Hockey;
2. An employee or board member of an USA Field Hockey or LAO;
3. Within the governance or disciplinary jurisdiction of an USA Field Hockey or LAO;
4. Authorized, approved, or appointed by USA Field Hockey or LAO to have regular contact with or authority over Minor Athletes.²

What is In-Program Contact?

In-Program Contact includes sanctioned events and facilities, but it also applies more broadly to sport-related interactions. **The MAAPP defines “In-Program Contact” as:**

Any contact (including communications, interactions, or activities) between an Adult Participant and any Minor Athlete(s) related to participation in sport.

Examples of in-program contact include, but are not limited to: competition, practices, camps/clinics, training/instructional sessions, pre/post game meals or outings, team travel, review of game film, team- or sport-related relationship building activities, celebrations, award ceremonies, banquets, team- or sport-related fundraising or community service, sport education, or competition site visits.

² This may include volunteers, medical staff, trainers, chaperones, monitors, contract personnel, bus/van drivers, officials, adult athletes, staff, board members, and any other individual who meets the Adult Participant definition.

Does the MAAPP Have Any Exceptions?

Yes. The MAAPP was written with certain appropriate exceptions in mind. Exceptions are addressed in each policy and include:

1. A Close-in-Age Exception

This exception applies to certain policies and allows for In-Program Contact between an Adult Participant and a Minor Athlete if:

- a. The Adult Participant has no authority over the Minor Athlete; and
- b. The Adult Participant is not more than four years older than the Minor Athlete.

Note: This exception is different than the close-in-age exception in the [SafeSport Code](#) pertaining to misconduct.

2. Exceptions for Adult Participant Personal Care Assistants Working with a Minor Athlete

3. Exceptions for Dual Relationships

This exception applies to certain policies when the Adult Participant has a dual role or relationship with a Minor Athlete. The exception requires written consent of the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian at least annually.

Many of the exceptions require parent/guardian consent. The Center recommends parents take training on child abuse prevention before providing consent under these policies. The Center offers a free Parent Course at www.safesport.org.

Am I required to take SafeSport Training?

Certain Adult Participants within the Olympic & Paralympic Movement who have (i) regular contact with Minor Athletes, (ii) authority over Minor Athletes, or (iii) are employees or board members of USA Field Hockey or LAOs, are required to take training. The specific training requirements can be found in Part I.

USA Field Hockey's Education & Training Policy

A. Mandatory Athlete Abuse Prevention Training for Adult Participants

- 1) Adult Participants Required to Complete Training
 - a) The following Adult Participants must complete the SafeSport Trained Core either through the Center's online training or the Center's approved, in-person training:
 - i) Adult Participants who have regular contact with any amateur athlete(s) who is a minor;
 - ii) Adult Participants who have authority over any amateur athlete(s) who is a minor;
 - iii) Adult participants who are an employee or board member of USA Field Hockey, Member Club, or USA Field Hockey State Chapter and Committee Members.
 - b) Adult Participants who are medical providers required to take training under Section (a) can take the Health Professionals Course in lieu of the *SafeSport Trained Core*.
- 2) Timing of Training
 - a) Adult Participants must complete this training:
 - i) Before regular contact with an amateur athlete who is a minor begins; and
 - ii) Within the first 45 days of either initial membership or upon beginning a new role subjecting the adult to this policy.
- 3) Refresher Training

The above listed Adult Participants must complete a refresher course on an annual basis, within 12 months after completing the SafeSport Trained Core. Every four years, Adult Participants will complete the SafeSport Trained Core training. Medical providers can take the Health Professionals Course in lieu of the SafeSport Trained Core and are required to take the refresher courses on an annual basis if they meet the criteria for A(1).

B. Minor Athlete Training Must Be Offered

1. USA Field Hockey and LAOs, on an annual basis, will offer and, subject to parental consent, give training to Minor Athletes on the prevention and reporting of child abuse.
2. The Center offers youth courses, located at safesporttrained.org that meet this requirement.

C. Parent Training Must Be Offered

1. USA Field Hockey and LAOs, on an annual basis, will offer training to parents on the prevention and reporting of child abuse.
2. The Center offers a parent course, located at safesporttrained.org that meets this requirement.

D. Optional Training

1. Adult Participants serving in a volunteer capacity, who will not have regular contact with or authority over Minor Athletes, should take the Center's brief Volunteer Course (or SafeSport Trained Core) before engaging or interacting with any Minor Athlete(s).
2. USA Field Hockey and LAOs may provide training in addition to the SafeSport Trained Core, although they cannot refer to the training as "SafeSport" training. Training other than the SafeSport Trained Core or Refresher does not satisfy this policy.
3. Parents of Minor Athletes are provided free online access to the Center's parent course and are encouraged to take the training.

E. Exemptions and Accommodations

1. Exemptions from this Education & Training Policy may be made on a case-by-case basis for victims/survivors. Requests may be made directly to the U.S. Center for SafeSport at exemptions@safesport.org.
2. The Center will work with USA Field Hockey and LAOs on appropriate accommodations for persons with disabilities and individuals with limited English proficiency to satisfy these training requirements. USA Field Hockey must provide reasonable accommodations and will track any exemptions for individuals with disabilities and individuals with limited English proficiency.

One-on-One Interactions

1) Observable and Interruptible

- a) All one-on-one In-Program Contact between an Adult Participant and a Minor Athlete must be observable and interruptible, except in emergency circumstances.
- b) The exceptions below may apply to specific policies, and if the exceptions apply, they are listed in the policy. These exceptions also apply to all one-on-one In-Program Contact not specifically addressed in other policies:
 - i) When a Dual Relationship exists; or
 - ii) When the Close-in-Age Exception applies; or
 - iii) If a Minor Athlete needs a Personal Care Assistant, and:
 - (1) the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided written consent to USA Field Hockey, member club or State Association for the Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant to work with the Minor Athlete; and
 - (2) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with the Education & Training Policy; and
 - (3) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with USA Field Hockey's Background Screening Policy; or
 - iv) In other circumstances specifically addressed in this policy that allow for certain one on one interactions if USA Field Hockey, the member club or State Association receives parent/guardian consent.

Adult Participants	Regular Contact	Authority
USA Field Hockey Staff and Interns		X
USA Field Hockey Board Members		X
USA Field Hockey Committee Members		X
State Chapter Board Members		X
USA Field Hockey Member Club Boards/Staff		X
State Chapter Committee Members		X
USA Field Hockey Coach Members	X	X
USA Field Hockey Umpire Members	X	X
Adult Athletes*	X	
Medical Professionals	X	X
Contractors	X	
Volunteers**	X	

*If Adult Athlete is participating in an Adult Only Club, they will need to self-certify during membership registration. If they self-certify that they don't have authority over or regular contact with athletes, they will not be required to complete SafeSport Training.

**Many volunteers will not be put in a position where they will not have authority over or regular contact with athletes. If a volunteer is put in a position where they will have authority over and/or regular contact with minor athletes, they will be required to complete SafeSport Training.

Meeting and Training Sessions

1) Observable and Interruptible

Adult Participants must follow the one-on-one interaction policy in all meetings and training sessions where Minor Athlete(s) are present.

2) Individual Training Sessions

- a) One-on-one, In-Program, individual training sessions must be observable and interruptible except if:
 - i) A Dual Relationship exists; or
 - ii) The Close-in-Age Exception applies; or
 - iii) A Minor Athlete needs a Personal Care Assistant, and
 - (1) the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided written consent to USA Field Hockey and applicable Member Clubs or State Association for the Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant to work with the Minor Athlete; and
 - (2) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with the Education & Training Policy; and
 - (3) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with USA Field Hockey's Background Screening Policy; or
- b) The Adult Participant providing the individual training session must receive advance, written consent from the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian at least annually, which can be withdrawn at any time; and
- c) Parents/guardians must be allowed to observe the individual training session.

3) Meetings with licensed mental health care professionals and health care providers (other than athletic trainers)

If a licensed mental health care professional or licensed health care provider meets one-on-one with a Minor Athlete at a sanctioned event or facility, which is partially or fully under the Organization's jurisdiction, the meeting must be observable and interruptible except:

- a) If the door(s) remain unlocked; and
- b) Another adult is present at the facility and notified that a meeting is occurring, though the Minor Athlete's identity needs not be disclosed; and
- c) USA Field Hockey, State Chapters and/or member clubs are notified that the provider will be meeting with a Minor Athlete; and
- d) The provider obtains consent consistent with applicable laws and ethical standards, which can be withdrawn at any time.

Athletic Training Modalities, Massage and Rubdowns

1) Athletic training modality, massage or rubdown

All In-Program athletic training modalities, massages or rubdowns of a Minor Athlete must:

- a) Be observable and interruptible; and
- b) Have another Adult Participant physically present for the athletic training modality, massage or rubdown; and
- c) Have documents consent as explained in subsection (2) below; and
- d) Be performed with Minor Athlete fully or partially clothed, ensuring that the breasts, buttock, groin, or genitals are always covered; and
- e) Allow parents/guardians in the room as an observer, except for competition or training venues that limit credentialing.

2) Consent

- a) Providers of athletic training modalities, massages and rubdowns or USA Field Hockey, Member Club, or State Association, when applicable, must obtain consent at least annually from Minor Athletes' parents/guardians before providing any athletic training modalities, massages or rubdowns.
- b) Minor Athletes or their parents/guardians can withdraw consent at any time.

Locker Rooms and Changing Areas

1) Observable and Interruptible

Adult Participants must ensure that all one-on-one In-Program Contact with Minor Athlete(s) in a locker room, changing area or similar space where Minor Athlete(s) are present is observable or interruptible, except if:

- a) A Dual Relationship exists; or
- b) The Close-in-Age Exception applies; or
- c) A Minor Athlete needs a Personal Care Assistant and:
 - i) The Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided written consent to USA Field Hockey, Member Club, or State Association for the Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant to work with the Minor Athletes; and
 - ii) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with the Education & Training Policy; and
 - iii) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with USA Field Hockey's screening policy.

2) Conduct in Locker Room, Changing Areas and Similar Spaces

- a) No Adult Participant or Minor Athlete can use the photographic or recording capabilities of any device in locker rooms, changing areas, or any other area designated as a place for changing clothes or undressing.
- b) Adult Participants must not change clothes or behave in a manner that intentionally or recklessly exposes their breasts, buttocks, groin, or genitals to a Minor Athlete.
- c) Adult Participants must not shower with Minor Athletes unless:
 - i) The Adult Participant meets the Close-in-Age Exception
- d) Parent/guardians may request in writing that their Minor Athlete(s) not change or shower with Adult Participant(s) during In-Program Contact. USA Field Hockey, Member Club, or State Association and the Adult Participant(s) must abide by this request.

3) Media and Championship Celebrations in Locker Rooms

USA Field Hockey may permit recording or photography in locker rooms for the purpose of highlighting a sport or athletic accomplishment if:

- i) Parent/legal guardian consent has been obtained; and
- ii) USA Field Hockey approves the specific instance of recording or photography; and
- iii) Two or more Adult Participants are present; and
- iv) Everyone is fully clothed

4) Personal Care Assistants

Adult Participant Personal Care Assistants are permitted to be with and assist Minor Athlete(s) in locker rooms, changing areas, and similar spaces where other Minor Athletes are present, if they meet the requirements in subsection (1) (c)(iii) above.

5) Availability and Monitoring of Locker Rooms, Changing Areas, and Similar Spaces

- a) USA Field Hockey, Member Club, or State Associations must provide a private or semi-private place for Minor Athletes that need to change clothes or undress at sanctioned events or facilities partially or fully under USA Field Hockey or LAO's jurisdiction.
- b) USA Field Hockey, Member Club, or State Association must monitor the use of locker rooms, changing areas and similar spaces to ensure compliance with these policies at sanctioned events or facilities partially or fully under USA Field Hockey or LAO's jurisdiction.

Electronic Communications

1) Open and Transparent

- a) All one-on-one electronic communications between an Adult Participant and a Minor Athlete must be open and transparent except:
 - When a Dual Relationship exists; or
 - When the Close-in-Age Exception Applies; or
 - If a Minor Athlete needs a Personal Care Assistant and:
 - (1) The Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided written consent to USA Field Hockey, Member Club, or State Association for the Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant to work with the Minor Athlete; and
 - (2) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with the Education & Training Policy; and
 - (3) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with USA Field Hockey's Background Screening Policy.
- b) Open and transparent means that the Adult Participant copied or includes the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian, another family member or the Minor Athlete or another Adult Participant.
 - If a Minor Athlete communicates with the Adult Participant first, the Adult Participant must follow this policy if the Adult Participant responds.
- c) Only platforms that allow for Open and Transparent communication may be used to communicate with Minor Athletes.

2) Team Communication

When an Adult Participant communicates electronically to the entire team or any number of Minor Athletes on the team, the Adult Participant must copy or include another Adult Participant or the Minor Athletes' parent/guardians.

3) Content

All electronic communication originating from an Adult Participant(s) to a Minor Athlete(s) must be professional in nature unless an exception in (1)(a) exists.

4) Requests to discontinue

Parents/guardians may request in writing that USA Field Hockey and LAO or an Adult Participant subject to this policy not contract their Minor Athlete through any form of electronic communication. The Organization and Adult participant must abide by any request to discontinue, absent emergency circumstances.

Transportation

1) Transportation

- a) An Adult Participant cannot transport a Minor Athlete one-on-one during In-Program travel, except if:
 - i) When a Dual Relationship exists; or
 - ii) When the Close-in-Age Exception Applies; or
 - iii) If a Minor Athlete needs a Personal Care Assistant and:
 - (1) The Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided written consent to USA Field Hockey, State Association or Member Club for the Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant to work with the Minor Athlete; and
 - (2) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with the Education & Training Policy; and
 - (3) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with USA Field Hockey's Background Screening Policy.
 - iv) The Adult Participant has advance, written consent to transport the Minor Athlete one-on-one obtained at least annually from the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian.
- b) Minor Athlete(s) or their parent/guardian can withdraw consent at any time.
- c) An Adult Participant meets the In-Program transportation requirements if the Adult Participant is accompanied by another Adult Participant or at least two minors.
- d) Written consent from a Minor Athlete's parent/guardian is required for all transportation sanctioned by USA Field Hockey, Member Clubs or State Chapters at least annually.

Lodging

1) Hotel Rooms and Other Sleeping Arrangements

- a) All In-Program Contact at a hotel or lodging site between an Adult Participant and a Minor Athlete must be observable and interruptible, and an Adult Participant cannot share a hotel room or otherwise sleep in the same room with a Minor Athlete(s), except if:
 - i) A Dual Relationship Exists, and the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided the USA Field Hockey, member club, or State Association with advance, written consent for the lodging arrangement;
 - ii) The Close-in-Age Exception applies, and the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided USA Field Hockey, member club, State Association with advance, written consent for the lodging arrangement; or
 - iii) The Minor Athlete needs a Personal Care Assistant, and:
 - (1) The Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided advance, written consent to USA Field Hockey, member club, or State Association for the Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant to work with the Minor Athlete and for the lodging arrangement;
 - (2) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with USA Field Hockey's Education and Training Policy; and
 - (3) The Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant has complied with USA Field Hockey's Background Screening Policy.
- b) Written consent from a Minor Athlete's parent/guardian must be obtained for all In-Program lodging at least annually.

2) Monitoring or Room Checks During In-Program Travel

If a USA Field Hockey, Member Club, State Association, or team performs room checks during In-Program lodging, the one-on-one interaction policy must be followed and at least two adults must be present for the room checks.

3) Additional Requirements for Lodging Authorized or Funded by the Organization

- a) Adult Participants traveling with Member Clubs, State Chapters, and USA Field Hockey must agree to and sign the Member Club, State Association, or USA Field Hockey's lodging policy at least annually.
- b) Adult Participants that travel overnight with Minor Athlete(s) are assumed to have Authority over Minor Athlete(s) and thus must comply with USA Field Hockey's Education & Training Policy.

Terminology

Adult Participant: Any adult (18 years of age or older) who is:

- a. A member of USA Field Hockey
- b. An employee or board member of USA Field Hockey or LAO
- c. Within the governance or disciplinary jurisdiction of USA Field Hockey or LAO
- d. Authorized, approved, or appointed by USA Field Hockey or an LAO to have regular contact with or authority over Minor Athletes.³

Amateur Athlete: An athlete who meets the eligibility standards established by the National Governing Body or Paralympic sports organization for the sport in which the athlete competes.

Authority: When one person's position over another person is such that, based on the totality of the circumstances, they have the power or right to direct, control, give orders to, or make decisions for that person. Also see the [Power Imbalance definition in the SafeSport Code](#). *NOTE: NGBs, PSOs, and the USOPC must submit/include categories of members/individuals that fall under the definition including specific volunteer designations.*

Close-in-Age Exception: An exception applicable to certain policies when an Adult Participant does not have authority over a Minor Athlete *and* is not more than four years older than the Minor Athlete (e.g., a 19-year-old and a 16-year-old). Note: this exception *only* applies within the prevention policies and *not* regarding conduct defined in the SafeSport Code.

Dual Relationships: An exception applicable to certain policies when an Adult Participant has a dual role or relationship with a Minor Athlete and the Minor Athlete's parent/guardian has provided written consent at least annually authorizing the exception.

In-Program Contact: Any contact (including communications, interactions, or activities) between an Adult Participant and any Minor Athlete(s) related to participation in sport.

Examples of In-Program Contact include, but are not limited to: competition, practices, camps/clinics, training/instructional sessions, pre/post game meals or outings, team travel, review of game film, team- or sport-related relationship building activities, celebrations, award ceremonies, banquets, team- or sport-related fundraising or community service, sport education, or competition site visits.

Local Affiliated Organization (LAO): USA Field Hockey Member Club or State Chapter/Association that is directly affiliated with USA Field Hockey or that is affiliated with USA Field Hockey by its direct affiliation with a regional or state affiliate of USA Field Hockey. LAO does not include a regional, state, or local club or organization that is only a member of a National Member Organization of USA Field Hockey.

Minor Athlete: An Amateur Athlete under 18 years of age who participates in, or participated within the previous 12 months in, an event, program, activity, or competition that is part of, or partially or fully under the jurisdiction of, an NGB, PSO, USOPC, or LAO.

³ This may include volunteers, medical staff, trainers, chaperones, monitors, contract personnel, bus/van drivers, officials, adult athletes, staff, board members, and any other individual who meets the Adult Participant definition.

Partial or Full Jurisdiction: Includes any sanctioned event (including all travel and lodging in connection with the event) by the NGB, PSO, USOPC, or LAO, or any facility that the NGB, PSO, USOPC, or LAO owns, leases, or rents for practice, training or competition.

National Governing Body (NGB): A U.S. Olympic National Governing Body, Pan American Sport Organization, or Paralympic Sport Organization recognized by the U.S. Olympic & Paralympic Committee pursuant to the Ted Stevens Olympic and Amateur Sports Act, 36 U.S.C. §§ 220501, et seq. This definition shall also apply to the USOPC, or other sports entity approved by the USOPC, when they have assumed responsibility for the management or governance of a sport included on the program of the Olympic, Paralympic, or Pan-American Games.

Adult Participant Personal Care Assistant: An Adult Participant who assists an athlete requiring help with activities of daily living (ADL) and preparation for athletic participation. This support can be provided by a Guide for Blind or visually impaired athletes or can include assistance with transfer, dressing, showering, medication administration, and toileting. Personal Care Assistants are different for every athlete and should be individualized to fit their specific needs. When assisting a Minor Athlete, Adult Participant PCAs must be authorized by the athlete's parent/guardian.

Paralympic Sport Organization (PSO): an amateur sports organization recognized and certified as an NGB by the USOPC.

Regular Contact: Ongoing interactions during a 12-month period wherein an Adult Participant is in a role of direct and active engagement with any Minor Athlete(s).

U.S. Olympic & Paralympic Committee (USOPC): A federally chartered nonprofit corporation that serves as the National Olympic Committee and National Paralympic Committee for the United States.

APPENDIX A

ORGANIZATIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EDUCATION & TRAINING AND PREVENTION POLICIES

Requirements for Education & Training

1. USA Field Hockey must track whether Adult Participants under its jurisdiction complete the required training listed in the Training and Education Policy of these MAAPP Policies.
2. USA Field Hockey and LAOs must, on an annual basis, offer and, subject to parental consent, give training to Minor Athletes on the prevention and reporting of child abuse.
 - a. For training to Minor Athletes, USA Field Hockey must track a description of the training and how the training was offered and provided to Minor Athletes.
 - b. USA Field Hockey is not required to track individual course completions of Minor Athletes.
3. USA Field Hockey and LAOs must, on an annual basis, offer training to parents on the prevention and reporting of child abuse.

Required Prevention Policies and Implementation

USA Field Hockey must develop minor athlete abuse prevention policies that contain the mandatory components of the Center's model policies. These model policies cover:

- a. One-on-one interactions
- b. Meetings and training sessions
- c. Athletic training modalities, massages, and rubdowns
- d. Locker rooms and changing areas
- e. Electronic communications
- f. Transportation
- g. Lodging

The policies must be approved by the Center as described in subsection (C) below. The policies may include the recommended components in Part III and the recommended policies in Part IV. Given the uniqueness of each sport, however, some recommended components or policies may not be feasible or appropriate. An Organization may choose to implement stricter standards than the model policies.

USA Field Hockey required that its LAOs implement these policies within each LAO.

USA Field Hockey and its LAOs must implement these policies for all In-Program Contact.

- a. At sanctioned events and facilities partially or fully under its jurisdiction, USA Field Hockey and LAOs must take steps to ensure the policies are implemented and followed.
- b. For In-Program Contact that occurs outside USA Field Hockey's or its LAO's sanctioned event or facilities, implementing these policies means:
 - i. Communicating the policies to individuals under its jurisdiction;
 - ii. Establishing a reporting mechanism for violations of the policies;
 - iii. Investigating and enforcing violations of the policies.

The Organization must have a reporting mechanism to accept reports that an Adult Participant is violating the Organization's minor athlete abuse prevention policies. The Organization must appropriately investigate and resolve any reports received, unless the violation is reported to the Center and it exercises jurisdiction over the report. This requirement is in addition to requirements to report abuse under the SafeSport Code.

To report that an Adult Participant is violating the Organization's minor athlete abuse prevention policies, please email ctornes@usafieldhockey.com. USA Field Hockey will appropriately investigate and resolve any reports received, unless the violation is reported to the Center and it exercises jurisdiction over the report.

Policy Approval and Submission Process

1. Each NGB, PSO, and the USOPC may adopt the MAAPP as-is or adapt it to fit their needs. Regardless, each Organization must submit their policies to the Center at compliance@safesport.org for review and approval by January 31, 2021. The Center will approve, approve with modifications, or deny the policies. If the Center denies the proposed policy, the mandatory components of Part III become the default policy until the Center approves the policy.
2. NGBs must require their LAOs to incorporate the mandatory components of Part III. NGBs may require that their LAOs implement the NGB's policies, which may be more stringent than the policies in Part III.
3. An NGB may, in its discretion, require its National Member Organizations (NMO) to implement these policies.
 - An NGB that chooses to require its NMOs to implement the Education & Training Policy must obtain advanced, written approval from the Center to expand the training access to additional persons. Requests must be submitted to ngbervices@safesport.org.
4. The mandatory components of Part III will serve as the default policy for any organization that fails to develop its own policy as required by this section.